POLICY FORUM

Meta

Recommendation: Functional Identification

Core Policy Team

Issue Statement:

We want people to be able to talk about their experiences, such as being a victim of violence, or to raise awareness about such issues. However, we also don't want to allow bullying or infringe on privacy, so in some cases we limit speech that explicitly identifies others. Is there a point at which describing an interaction makes the identity of the other person so obvious that it should be considered as identifying, and how can content reviewers make that decision where context is limited?

Status Quo Examples

Remove

Allow





I can't believe it.
Another child was sexually assaulted yesterday. [Person's Name] was on her way home from school when this guy just grabbed her.

Identifying a child victim of sexual assault by name

[Posted in Nigeria]

The owner of [Cafe Name] in Lagos is gay.

Outing a member of an outing-risk group (LGBTQ+ in Nigeria) without naming or visually depicting them

Policies in Scope

Child Sexual Exploitation	Identifying children as survivors of sexual exploitation
Coordinating Harm	 Outing people in outing-risk groups, such as LGBTQ+ people, blasphemers, or sex workers
Adult Sexual Exploitation	Identifying adults as survivors of sexual assault
Bullying & Harassment	Attacking people by name

Functional Identification Research and External Engagement

Research

Key Points:

- Functional identification is context-dependent: there is no academic or industry-accepted equation of factors that definitively produces an identification.
- Across the 12 countries surveyed, there is no consensus among the public on whether to allow a Facebook post with a risk of functional identification or not.
- In the same survey, people most often chose
 Meta and Facebook users—ahead of the government or a third party—as the group(s) that should decide whether to allow these posts.

External Engagement

Key Points:

- Stakeholders identified multiple factors that could contribute to functional identification but found it to be context-dependent
- Existing legal and journalistic guidelines on functional identification are **outcome-oriented**
- Stakeholders agreed that our policies should prioritize safety for minors, outing-risk group members, and other vulnerable populations

Proposed Functional Identification Signals

Target, Trusted Partner, Authorized Representative, indicates risk of harm

Non-facial imagery

Mention of relationship to individual

School, Workplace,
Occupation,
Location of Residence

Physical Description

Ethnicity, Religious Affiliation

Membership in civil society organization

Social Media Handle

Age

Option 1:	Prohibit <u>explicit identification</u>
Status Quo	Tromble <u>explicit identification</u>
Option 2:	
Remove Functional ID when shared with additional context	Add prohibition of <u>functional identification</u> when shared with additional context
Outcome-Oriented	
[Recommended]	
Option 3:	
Remove Functional ID	Add prohibition of <u>functional identification</u> for Child Sexual Exploitation and
Input-Based	Coordinating Harm, and when shared with additional context for Adult Sexual Exploitation
(2 signals required)	

Examples

Example 1

Coordinating Harm and Promoting Crime

[Posted in Nigeria]

The owner of [Cafe Name] in Lagos is gay.

[Additional Hypothetical Context: There is only one cafe with this name in Lagos]

Identifying a member of an outing-risk group (LGBTQ+ in Nigeria) through mentioning of workplace

Signals Present	
1. Workplace	

Status Quo: Allow	~
Option 2 (With Additional Context): Remove	×
Option 3: Allow	~

Example 2 Coordinating Harm and Promoting Crime

[Posted in Liberia]

I have a friend in Monrovia who is gay.

Identifying a member of an outing-risk group (LGBTQ+ in Liberia) through relationship to target and location of residence

Signals Present
Relationship to target Location of residence

Status Quo: Allow	~
Option 2 (With Additional Context): Allow	>
Option 3: Remove	×

Examples Continued

Example 3

Child Sexual Exploitation,
Abuse and Nudity

The New York Post reported that a 12-year old girl was sexually assaulted blocks away from her home in Manhattan.

Identifying a child victim of sexual assault through mentioning of age and location of residence

Signals Present
1. Age 2. Location of Residence

Status Quo: Allow	~
Option 2 (With Additional Context): Allow	>
Option 3: Remove	×

Example 4 Child Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Nudity

I just found out that these twin sisters I teach were sexually abused by a relative. How terrible!

[Additional Context: The poster's profile mentions the school they work at]

Identifying a child victim of sexual assault through mention of relationship to individual

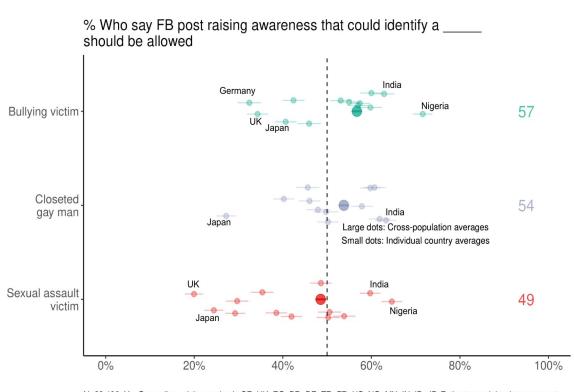
Signal Present		
1. Mention of		
relationship to individual		

Status Quo: Allow	~
Option 2 (With Additional Context): Remove	×
Option 3: Allow	>

Appendix

Research Findings

- Functional identification is context-dependent, so there is no definitive equation of factors that produces an ID. However, it is important to note that, in addition to PII, factors like the relationship between the victim and offender or the precise dates of the offense may be used.
- A 12-country survey fielded for this development finds:
 - Attitudes on allowing a post with a risk of functional identification vary widely across countries and targets, see figure to the right.
 - People in India, Turkey, and Nigeria mostly supported allowing these posts and were concerned that removing these posts would inhibit free expression on Facebook.
 - People in Japan, the UK, Sweden, and Germany mostly opposed allowing these posts, and expressed little concern about free expression tradeoffs.
 - Most people choose Meta (51%) and Facebook users (37%)—ahead of the government (27%) or an independent body of observers (29%)—when asked which organization(s) should get to decide if a potential functional identification post should be allowed on FB.



N=23,400; YouGov online adult samples in SE, UK, EG, BR, DE, TR, FR, US, NG, MX, IN, ID, JP. Estimates weighted to represent the online populations of each country. Dec 16, 2022-Jan 23, 2023.

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